

# THE NEW TIMES

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SIXPENCE WEEKLY

## New Governor of Commonwealth Bank—Appointment Of Dr. Coombs

Sir Ernest Cassel, German-Jewish financier, when asked by his friend, Lord Haldane, why he made such a tremendous sum of money available to the London School of Economics in 1921, replied, "to raise and train the bureaucracy of the future Socialist State."

The significance of the appointment of Dr. H. C. Coombs as Governor of the Commonwealth Bank cannot be over-emphasised. This journal has consistently drawn attention to the fact that there has been a conscious policy, operating over a long period of time, to centralise all power — political, economic, and financial — into fewer and fewer hands. This policy has been furthered in all countries and, unless challenged and defeated, will lead to a World Dictatorship.

### Leading Advocates

The leading advocates of this policy of centralisation in English-speaking countries have been products of the London School of Economics, established by the Fabian Socialists, who believed that the parliamentary system could be used to introduce the Monopoly State. When the German-Jewish international financier and his friend, Lord Haldane, were asked why they supported this Socialist institution, they made it clear that they regarded it as the training ground for the bureaucracy of the future Socialist State.

Products of the London School of Economics have played a dominant role in recent times in framing the policies of all types of Government throughout the British Empire. Dr. Coombs studied at the London School of Economics and has been Mr. Chifley's right-hand man for many years. His appointment as Governor of the Commonwealth Bank will give Dr. Coombs even greater control over the Australian economy.

Like all products of the London School of Economics, Dr. Coombs is a totalitarian and has made it clear that he and his fellow planners should have power to control the entire Australian economy as they think fit. He has been frank enough to state that permanent economic conscription is essential if a centrally-planned economy is to be imposed.

### Centralised Finance

Because they realise the enormous power of a centralised financial system, most Socialists have never attacked orthodox financial practices. They have consistently advocated the nationalisation of banking, which they know will keep them in direct control of all pro-

duction. Even if the proposed nationalisation of banking in Australia is defeated the control exercised as a result of the 1945 banking legislation is enormous and can be used to further the policy of Monopoly advocated by Dr. Coombs. The appointment of Dr. Coombs as Governor of the Commonwealth Bank can only be regarded as a victory for the powerful international groups, which have supported the London School of Economics and similar organisations in their drive for World Dictatorship. It confirms the warnings we have made over the past years and should stimulate all supporters of genuine individual independence to do all in their power to assist the war against the totalitarian plotters.

### Pressure on Members

We suggest that electors might profitably take the matter of Dr. Coombs' appointment up with Federal Opposition Members and ask them what they propose to do about Socialist economic advisers like Dr. Coombs if they are elected at the next Federal Elections. If they intend to retain them, as we fear they will, the policy of Monopoly will be continued without hindrance. There is a Liberal Government in Canada, but this Government is under the domination of products of the London School of

### FIFTH COLUMNIST

"The case of Kathleen Mary Willsher . . . now serving a three-year sentence, was an employee of the Office of the High Commissioner for the United Kingdom at Ottawa. She came to Canada in 1930 for service as a stenographer. She was then twenty-five years old.

"She had an impressive background as a graduate of the London School of Economics . . .

"It is significant to note that Miss Willsher, after the gradual evolution devised by the Communist Fifth Column training tactics, had no struggle with her conscience when it came to betraying secrets she had sworn to guard."—*This Was My Choice*, Igor Gouzenko, p. 261.

Yet another product of the Old School.

Economics. It pursues similar policies to those pursued by the Federal Labour Government in Australia.

All modern Governments have progressively delegated their responsibilities to an increasing army of bureaucratic officials. As the Fabian Socialists realised, all they had to do was to infiltrate into the key positions in the bureaucracy and they could become the real Government. One of the first steps necessary for the breaking of the grip of the London School of Economics products and their backers like the Cassels and the Rothschilds is to bring the individual Member of Parliament under the direct control of his electors, who should insist that he represent their policies, and not the policies of Dr. Coombs and his associates.

### OUR POLICY

1 The preservation of Australia's sovereignty as a part of the British Empire, and the exposure of all internal and external groups which attack that sovereignty.

2 The preservation and extension of genuine local government.

3 The preservation and strengthening of all Constitutional safeguards for the purpose of protecting fundamental individual rights.

4 The encouragement of all activities designed to bring Governments under more effective control by the electors

5 The preservation and extension of genuine free, competitive enterprise and private ownership, and opposition to all Monopoly, whether it be "private" or State.

6. The support of a financial policy which will (a) permit free enterprise to make available to all individuals an increasing standard of living and greater leisure for cultural pursuits (b) result in no further increase in the community's indebtedness and the sound business practice of gradually reducing existing debt.

7. Recognising that the basis of any sound economy is agriculture, the encouragement of agricultural policies which will ensure the preservation and building up of soil fertility by organic farming and gardening; and the prevention of soil erosion and the protection of forests and watersheds.

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Now, when our land to ruin's brink is  
verging,  
In God's name, let us speak while there  
is time!  
Now, when the padlocks for our lips  
are forging,  
Silence is crime.

WHITTIER

## BACK TO EARTH

By FOOTLE

I note — with some perplexity — that Professor Copland has written a book entitled, "Back to Earth in Economics, Australia, 1948." The implication of the title is that we are present enjoying the economic amenities of some other planet or interstellar space, and I would appreciate information on our particular location, as I feel this shouldn't be left to the imagination. People are apt to make some rather bad mistakes as, for instance, the Chicago magnate who died and opined that "this Heaven wasn't such a bad place," only to be informed that he wasn't in Heaven.

I mentioned I entertained some perplexity. I can understand the idea of a column or so of the stuff the Professor writes; the inconsistency of today is unnoticed tomorrow. Moods change: comes a moment when "the crow doth sing as sweetly as the lark," if you get me. But for an economist to assemble all his thoughts and apologies between the covers of one volume is, it seems to me, to produce fantasy without humour—the sort of thing to be gathered under some such title as "Malice in Blunderland."

### Fatal Obtuseness

No doubt my fatal obtuseness in matters financial causes me to think thus. I have never been able to grasp, for instance, why one should be ruined, except perhaps morally, by producing more food and gadgets than needed; nor have been able to understand that a gift to me as an individual should enrich me by that amount while a gift to us all as a nation should contain the elements of bankruptcy and ruin for us. Plainly I am not the sort of stuff economists are made of.

But if the things, which worry me, do not disturb the Professor it is clear that he has worries of his own. For instance, he harps once again on the regrettable circumstance that primary producers are receiving too much money for their produce sent overseas. This apparently has the disastrous effect, which the possession of money by the people always has. The main cause of this situation was the action of the Government some years ago in depreciating Australian currency with the avowed objective of producing this result. You would think, if the Government didn't like the result after having so handsomely achieved it, it would doff its cap and reverently petition the Bretton Woods bosses to be allowed to return to the status quo, especially as by equating the Australian £ 1 with sterling we would automatically reduce the price of imports by about 20%.

### Dollar Difficulties

In connection with this the Professor points out that whereas such action would certainly make sterling imports cheaper it would also make dollar imports cheaper and dollar exports dearer and so "aggravate the present shortage of dollars."

This is the point where I need assistance. If exports were really made dearer surely this would be more likely to help the dollar situation than otherwise. Similarly, if dollar imports were

made cheaper this also would assist the dollar position. Actually I feel reasonably sure that the chappies buying our exports won't bother to read all about our contemporary financial history but will buy the same volume for the same amount of their own currency as before and accordingly any "aggravation" caused by such a change as we are discussing would, I think, be located in the bosoms of our own primary producers and nowhere else at all.

Notwithstanding his concern—imaginary as it would appear, poor old chap—about aggravating the dollar position, the Professor is reported as being "critical of Australia's present dollar policy of restricting imports from the United States." He has a scheme, which will avoid aggravating the sensitive dollar. It is simple and as old as civilised man. The suggestion is, "the raising of a dollar loan to cover the resulting dollar deficit."

### Economists Are Human

You can't say economists aren't human after that. How often I've resorted to that expedient myself! Confronted in penurious moment with the tale of many months' purchases and weighed down with hopelessness, I have had my world suddenly restored by the device of the P.N. It is the easiest way ever discovered to liquidate a debt. You may, of course, as an individual, have to pay in the long run, but no-one ever bothers about a national debt: that just goes on and on until you can't pay the interest on it. What happens then I don't really know, but I'm quite curious: maybe money and a lot of other things will be abolished by then. What the Professor would really like you to feel is that he would like to help Britain if it were humanly possible and if it could be done without offending against dollar laws.

One of his troubles is that people are now so sceptical. They have been waved off to two wars by ponderous parties who "only wished they could go, too." They left their freedom in the custody of the ponderous parties, but no one seems to know what became of it. The people are growing mistrustful of ponderous parties, and economists cannot reasonably hope to be exempt. Economists have made a tactical blunder in never making a public appearance unless accompanied by trouble; that puts them in the same category as policemen. They may be charming fellows, but they've jolly well got to prove it. And talking about getting back to earth from where we are doesn't strike me as the best way to do it.

## SOCIALISM

"Socialism is a disease of a state of society in which a true science of society scarcely exists, in which false notions of life, of the relation of the individual to society and the state, are widespread, and in which all ranks are honeycombed by sentimental notions of what ought to be, and can be, in this world.

"Since Rousseau, a certain set of doctrines has been permeating modern society, which have no truth in history or fact at all, but which flatter human nature and are sure to be popular, because they make light of education, culture, capital, breeding, and all the excellencies which, *being very hard to get*, raise him who has them above him that has them not.

"The same doctrines teach, *per contra*, that the untrained man is the *norm*, and type, and standard, so that men, instead of being urged to seek the excellencies, are encouraged to believe themselves superior, without them, to those who have them. Such is the outcome of the doctrine of equality, and, as it has spread, it has only grown more popular, has propagated more and more fallacies, and shifted more and more distinctly into a thirst and demand for (equal) enjoyment of material luxury.

"Socialism is an effort to gratify the thirst in some other way than by using it is an incentive to industry and economy. Obviously, there is no other way, unless it consists in taking away the means of material enjoyment from those who have produced and saved them, and giving them to those who have not produced and saved them. Every step in that direction is a step towards universal impoverishment and barbarism, and every step will have to be won by war. The Socialists assume that their victory in that war is certain, but it is certain that they are entirely mistaken."

—Scribners, New York, March, 1880.

### Housewives and Prices

The Housewives Association's president rightly continues to complain about prices going up. This time it is about "milk," which price increase she says is criminal; inferentially from this, those who increased prices are criminals. Nothing could be further from the truth, as milk vendors and other retailers have no option but to increase prices when costs are increased. It is therefore unreasonable for the president to even inferentially blame this section of the community. Such uninvited blame only plays into the hands of the Communists.

We would suggest that if the Housewives' Executive really wants to get to grips with this pressing problem they should use their considerable political power to press for the continuation and extension of the price subsidy system which proved so successful during and immediately after the war in keeping the prices of a number of essentials down. Further, we would be pleased to provide any information required on the subject.

—O.B.H.

## BUREAUCRACY OR FREE ENTERPRISE

The following is a circular letter received from MR. JOHN MACARA, of WESTERN SUBURBS (SYDNEY) VOTERS' POLICY ASSN., 69 Lucas Rd., Burwood. As you will note on reading the letter deals in a very lucid manner with a subject of great importance. Further, we would like to see readers of this journal forming similar groups throughout the Commonwealth. — (Ed. N.T.S.)

Dear Colleague,

You will doubtless agree that the present moment is one of crisis, but there appears to be little we can do about it. We are awaiting the impact of events. We have not the resources to formulate public opinion; we can only give it direction, when the public mind is moving, in much the same way as a pebble may divert the course of a huge boulder in its career downhill. The present, therefore, appears to be a time to consider more abstract problems. The following matter is therefore submitted for your consideration.

### National Assets

The following remark was recently overheard: "Coal is a national asset, and should, therefore, be administered nationally." This remark has about it an air of conclusive logic, and it would appear desirable that it should be carefully probed to ascertain whether, on closer examination, it can maintain its surface attractiveness, or whether it is a simple trap for unwary players.

First of all how are we to distinguish a national asset from any other asset? Are we to make **ownership** the criterion? A little consideration will provide conviction that the principal characteristic of ownership is that it bestows responsibility on the owner for administration. For instance a man who owns a boot factory is responsible for its efficient administration; if he fails in such responsibility he loses his factory. It is said that we "own" our railways. Let you or me try to exercise our "**ownership**" and we will find ourselves in trouble. The official responsible for administration of the railway exercises prerogatives very similar to those attached to "ownership." It will therefore be seen that ownership is not a satisfactory criterion.

In our further search for a satisfactory definition, may we say that a national asset is one, which is vitally related to national welfare? If this definition be accepted, much more than coal will be included. All mineral wealth, the fertile fields, the broad pastures, the large emporiums, the convenient corner shop, the skilled workers, the enterprising merchants, the integrity and intelligence of our people, our rare geniuses of penetrating vision, all these and much more constitute our national asset.

### Important Question

But all these assets must be harnessed into active service before they can enrich us—the coal must be mined, the fields cultivated, &c.

These assets must all be administered, and the question which confronts us is twofold, i.e. (a) and (b):

(a) How shall we bring into administrative relationship with the assets the men who can win from them the greatest return?

And this question gives rise to a second question, which is implied in the first:

(b) How shall we provide for the rapid elimination of any unsuitable man who, despite all our care, may achieve a post of administration for which he is unfit?

During man's long and eventful history he has tried many economic systems in his endeavour to find a satisfying answer to these two questions.

We moderns find ourselves divided into two schools of thought in relation to these two questions. The older of these two schools of thought may be summarised in the words **FREE ENTERPRISE**. The keystone of the arch of Free Enterprise is **PRIVATE OWNERSHIP**.

### Private Ownership

It is quite probable that many adherents to the doctrine of private ownership have never paused to give analytic attention to the ethical basis on which this doctrine rests. Many such have doubtless felt that they individually were well served while this doctrine was maintained, and their support for this doctrine derives from motives no higher than simple self-interest.

A more ethical and more substantial basis for the doctrine of Private Ownership may, however, be formulated. It may be claimed that private ownership affords a substantial basis on which **FREE ENTERPRISE** may be erected, and this is an effective method of solving the problems formulated in the questions (a) and (b) above. Under Free Enterprise the man who successfully administers small assets, will normally increase his assets, and thus extend the scope of his successful administration; while the man who fails so to do will automatically tend towards elimination through bankruptcy.

There have, however, been great and powerful forces working against Free Enterprise; the greatest of these is **MONOPOLY**, which is often referred to as "**BIG BUSINESS**." The roots of Big Business are to be found in **CREDIT MONOPOLY**, which finds "Big Business" easier to control than a large number of competing independent **SMALL MEN**; hence Big Business always gets preferential financial treatment from the Credit Monopoly, and Free Enterprise is stifled.

The second school of thought proposes as a remedy to the disorders, which have inevitably followed, **NATIONAL CONTROL**.

### National Control

Under this scheme Private Enterprise is eliminated. Let us now consider how the fundamental problem formulated under questions (a) and (b) above is tackled under Nationalisation.

Instead of an "**owner**" whose own welfare is intimately bound up with the efficient administration of assets under his charge; who prospers if his administration is wise and efficient, and who automatically pays for all errors of judg-

ment, and for defects of laxity, we have the **SALARIED BUREAUCRAT**. So far as his own welfare is concerned he is much better placed than an owner. **His** welfare is not intimately bound up with the success of his administration. He is in charge of a Government Department, and if costs are not met by income, there is always the Taxpayer through the Treasury to draw upon. **He** is not troubled to keep down costs by prudent administration—on the contrary the more subordinates he can secure, the greater his prestige and his salary. What cares he though men are employed in useless and profitless tasks, while the ranks of producers of essential commodities are thinned?

He has the ear of the legislator (where he himself is not a direct legislator), and he is not averse from using this advantage.

### Alternatives

With the **BUREAUCRAT** has come a new type of legislation, largely devoid of public sanction, strangling the community by a vast web of **CONTROLS**. We have therefore a choice between Free Enterprise and Bureaucracy. If we make certain simple but drastic reforms in relation to Free Enterprise, so as to make it truly free; if we liberate the **SMALL MAN** from adverse financial discrimination at the hands of the **CREDIT MONOPOLY**, we will see our national assets so skilfully and efficiently administered that our standard of living, our freedom, our security and our leisure will rise to a level undreamed of. The only person who will suffer will be the **POWER LUSTER**; his wings will be clipped. As a protection against exploitation there will be established generous unemployment and sickness benefits, on a **NON-CONTRIBUTORY** basis, free from inquisition and snoopers such as defaces the present Act.

The Credit Monopoly will not be broken by nationalising banks; this would only add the coping stone to the Bureaucratic structure. The Credit Monopoly will be broken by making banking a more open and competitive business.

If we choose Bureaucracy we will continue to see our assets more and more grossly misused; we will find commodities growing scarcer and scarcer as our population gradually moves from productive employment to bureaucratic occupation; we will find our ancient liberties rapidly diminishing.

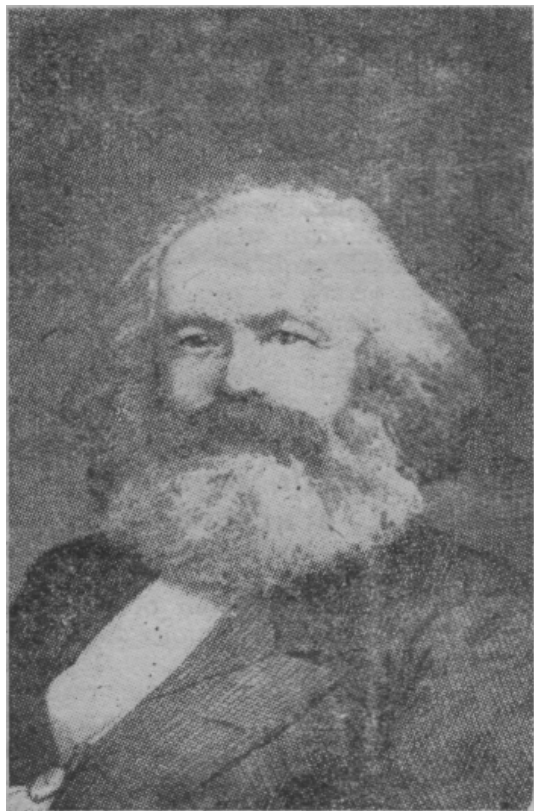
### SIGNIFICANT

"We, in signing the above report, want to make it clear that we believe that the whole of broadcasting should be nationalised."

—From a minority report signed by Mr. Calwell and Mr. O'Riordan, in the Australian Parliamentary Broadcasting Committee's 1942 report on broadcasting.

**Significance is added to the above when it is recalled that Mr. Calwell is the Minister in charge of the present dangerous Broadcasting Bill before the House, and is tipped as the responsible Minister in control of the new Board to be set up under this Bill.**

## THE RED PRUSSIAN (Karl Marx)



By Leopold Schwarzschild

This is the most powerful debunking of Karl Marx yet published. The author strips away the legend of Marx and reveals Marx the man. The extracts from the private correspondence of Marx and Engels will make bitter reading for Socialists and Communists. Every anti-Communist propagandist must have this book. (19/3 Post Free.)

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### "THE REAL COMMUNIST MENACE"

By Eric D. Butler

Price 1 /7 d., post-free.

In view of the widespread interest in the Canadian Royal Commission's Report on Communist espionage and other activities, this booklet, the main portion of which is the most important section of the Canadian Report, should be given the greatest possible circulation.

Only a limited edition of this booklet has been published, so readers desirous of obtaining copies should order immediately.

Order from "New Times" Ltd., Box 1226L, G.P.O., Melbourne.

## EVOLUTION PROTEST MOVEMENT

To the Editor.

Dear Sir,

Some time ago (June, 1947) you were kind enough to publish a letter in which I drew attention to the dangers involved in the blind acceptance of anything presented—with however little justification—as Established Scientific Fact. In particular, I warned that the evolution theory, which has been repeatedly used as the basis for materialistic philosophies, is by no means as soundly based as its adherents claim. The interest which this aroused leads me to hope that many of your readers will be interested to learn of the formation of an Evolution Protest Movement in Australia, with the object of making more widely known the shortcomings of this child of Darwin. I would be very grateful if you would permit the announcement through your columns that further information, literature, &c., can be obtained from myself (5 Renown street, Bentleigh, XU1994), or from Mr. J. McKellar (6 Ormsby grove Toorak BJ2992).—Yours faithfully,

(Sgd). JOHN BYRT.

### Atomic Alarm

Early atomic bomb propaganda is now being discounted. Vide a Press article of Nov. 13. which reports Colonel James Cooney of the United States Surgeon-General's Office, as saying "The radiation effects of the atom bomb had been so magnified that needless fears could hamper military operations during war." Readers will remember the terrifying prophecies made by scientists and others as to the dire perils of radioactivity—all of which were proved wrong in the bombed islands. Readers might also remember seeing in these columns the suggestions that the real purposes of the atomic bomb boloney were: (a) to provide a face-saving formula for Japan to quit and (b) to provide continuous scare propaganda to further the World Government Plot.

—O.B.H.

## STRAWS IN THE WIND

(1) SOCIAL CREDITERS will be specially interested to learn of the publication of twelve or so pages of an accurate comment and summary of the DOUGLAS SOCIAL CREDIT PROPOSALS, quoting Douglas freely, and defending him against misquotation by orthodoxy, in the latest HEMINGWAY ROBERTSON INSTITUTE Textbook, Part 2, "MONEY, BANKING & EXCHANGE," which will have a very wide circulation in Accountancy, Banking and kindred professional circles, and particularly among students of Accountancy. This publication was brought about by the co-operation between the publishers and this Movement.

We are grateful to the publishers for their high-principled interest and factual presentation of our case. Whilst the publishers preserve their strict neutrality in regard to the soundness or otherwise of the DOUGLAS PROPOSALS, they advocate their serious open-minded study by students. There is also considerable satisfaction to us, in the fact that the DOUGLAS PROPOSALS are the only alternative proposals cited, in what may be regarded as a pessimistic and critical review of contemporary economic practice.

(2) Recorded in the NATIONAL BANKING SUMMARY for October, is a report of a demand from the people of New Zealand for a share in the national dividend.

—Contributed by THE DOUGLAS SOCIAL CREDIT MOVEMENT IN VICTORIA, L. C. Hargreaves, Hon. Secretary.

## THE DOUGLAS SOCIAL CREDIT MOVEMENT OF VICTORIA

Room 8, First Floor, The Block, Elizabeth Street, Melbourne.

It is with great pleasure, that we announce our next guest-speaker, Mr. McDevitt of Glasgow, Scotland, who will favor us with an address on

### THE HISTORY OF SOCIAL CREDIT IN GREAT BRITAIN

Thursday, the 9th of December, at 8 p.m. Mr. McDevitt has been actively associated with the SOCIAL CREDIT MOVEMENT in the Old Country for over twenty-five years, and during which time, he has had the pleasure of meeting: C. H. Douglas on many occasions.

## OBITUARY

We regret to announce the death on the 9th November of one of our oldest supporters, R. J. ("Bob" McCarthy, of Wynnum North, Queensland.

Mr. McCarthy died after an illness extending for fifteen years. Suffering a bad spinal fracture he had spent the last twelve years until his death between bed and a wheel chair after a previous three years in hospital.

He was foundation member of the first Social Credit group in the district and the first treasurer of the Wynnum North group.

In spite of his disabilities he never lost interest in Social Credit and his work brought light to many of his contacts.

H. N. SMITH

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## SEMITISM

Felix Morley, one of the editors of "HUMAN EVENTS," contributes to the issue of September 22, 1948, an article dealing with the rising tide of anti-Semitism in the U.S.A. "Anti-Semitism," he says, "is aggravated, if not produced, by Semitism. We may define Semitism as the constant effort of a large number of Jews to assert themselves as Jews . . . As an individual characteristic Semitism is no more objectionable than any other assertive racial or religious affiliation. But Semitism is arousing resentment because it has been carefully organised and even promoted . . . Many . . . [Jews] have been virtually blackmailed into Semitism . . ."

The Jews, as much as the Americans and the Russians, are a world Power, pursuing an aggressive policy (of which Palestine is only one facet) designed to lead to world domination. They are distinguished from other world Powers by the lack of a territorial base (Palestine does not yet rank as such), and, as a consequence of this, by the methods they employ. Once this is grasped, it is easy to see that like any other great Power, they employ their "diplomacy" - most of it secret—to persuade or coerce other great Powers to pursue policies favourable to their own ultimate objectives. It is a corollary of this that many individual Jews consciously, and probably most of them unconsciously, are members of the greatest Fifth Column known to history. Jews occupy key positions in the Governments of all the other great Powers, and are probably decisive in getting adopted policies which either positively or negatively further the Zionist cause. What helps this cause most is "war or the threat of war"; and as we have many times pointed out and demonstrated, the present "threat of war" was the foreseeable outcome of remarkable events and decisions during the last war.

It is very difficult to uncover the present relationship between the Jews and "Russia." The original Bolshevik Government was composed predominantly of Jews, and the Revolution was promoted and financed largely by Jewish-controlled financial houses in America. Lately, however, Jews have disappeared from the prominent positions in the Russian Communist hierarchy, though not from the satellite hierarchies. Against this is the fact that Russia supports Zionist claims and ambitions in Palestine; that Russia participated on the largest scale in the illegal immigration of Jews to Palestine; and that UNRRA, largely staffed and worked by Jews, was an "umbrella" for both Communist and Jewish illegal activity. Moreover, the predominance, or even the strong representation, of Jews in the upper levels of the Soviet hierarchy at the present juncture would alarm the whole Gentile world. As it is, Communist support of Zionism in Palestine can be put down to "Russian imperialist" ambitions in the Middle East, while the "threat of war" in Europe diverts attention from what is really going on in Palestine.

It is a matter of history that "Britain"—i.e., international banking houses located in London—financed German rearmament. The same maneuver is being repeated with respect to "Russia." UNRRA and Post-UNRRA have contributed enormous quantities of materials to Russia; the division of Germany was a pure gift to Communist strategy; and effective resistance to Communism is continuously paralysed by a Fifth

Column headed in Great Britain by the B.B.C.

The great link between the Jews and world Communism is finance. The bloody theory of revolutionary Communism has no intrinsic appeal to the world's masses. It thrives, as it is thriving, on the despair of the masses; and that despair is the result of a completely artificial state of affairs induced by financial policy. There is no longer any doubt that the arbiters of that policy intend the result; but there is nothing to suggest that they intend that Russian domination of the world.

As far as can be seen, our whole future depends on our recognising, and facing up to, and dealing with, the Jewish attack on the Gentiles. The Jewish Power is quite simply, a menace to our security, in a way which the Germans and the Japanese, whom we are daily taught to hate, have now ceased to be. And if the Australian Government recognises "Israel," "Australian" Jews should be compelled to go to Palestine, or register as aliens, and be debarred from holding any public office until they qualify under the usual conditions for Australian citizenship.

It is difficult to appreciate in Australia how serious this matter is. But it is a fact that the Zionists in the U.S.A. are conducting a virulent anti-British campaign, examples of which we have from time to time reported in this journal. The British withdrawal from Palestine seems only to have lent it fresh impetus. We quote from Mr. Morley's article: "I have before me a 'Boycott Britain' just issued by a New York Jewish organisation which with unconscious humour calls itself the 'Sons of Liberty.' These characters urge me to demonstrate my Americanism by refusing to purchase or patronise any British produce — from Lipton's tea to the new movie version of 'Hamlet.' I am warned not to fly on B.O.A.C. planes, nor to 'send goods' via Cunard-White Star. And the payoff, for my Jewish fellow-Americans, comes in this line: 'Don't Patronise Any Store That Sells British Goods.'"

This sort of campaign is impracticable in Australia while Australia is a member of the British Empire. But subtle campaigns to "cut the painter" are perfectly practicable. The British Empire, and Great Britain in particular, is Jewish Enemy No. 1 at the present time; and Jewish strategy is calculated to disintegrate it. "Large-scale planning," as elaborated by the Jewish-endowed London School of Economics and the Jewish-sponsored Political and Economic Planning group, is a major component of this strategy. And in Australia, the graduates and affiliates of these organisations are—unconsciously, no doubt—doing the Jews' work for them.

—*The Australian Social Creditor*, Oct. 30.

## HAVE YOU STUDIED THE COMMUNIST MENACE!

The following is a complete list of special publications recommended to those who want to study authentic, factual material on the Communist menace:

*The Real Communist Menace*, by Eric D. Butler. 1/8d.

This is an excellent commentary on the Canadian Report and Soviet policy as laid down by Lenin and Stalin. It also contains the most important part of the Canadian Report.

*Red Glows The Dawn*, by Michael Lamb. 8/d.

A detailed exposure of the history of the Australian Communist Party. The author shows by documentary evidence how the policy of the Australian Communists is dictated by Moscow.

*Communism in Australia*, by J. T. Lang, M.H.R. . . . . 2/2d.

This hard-hitting book gives detailed information concerning the Communist domination of Australian Unions. Communist leader Thornton took unsuccessful legal action against Lang when this book was first published.

*20 Questions About Soviet Russia*, by H. W. Henderson . . . . . 7 d.

*More Questions About Russia*, by H. W. Henderson . 10 d.

*What Are Russia's Ultimate Aims?* by H. W. Henderson. . . . . 7 d.

*The Red Spider Web*, by Bernard Newman. . . . . 18/6

A famous mystery writer deals with the thrilling story of the Canadian Spy Trials. He shows that truth is stranger than fiction.

*Report On The Russians*, by W. L. White . . . . . 17/-

This famous book is the one, which caused considerable consternation amongst the Comrades all over the world. White visited Russia during the war years a brilliant firsthand account.

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## THE GENUINE ALTERNATIVE TO INDUSTRIAL STRIFE

*At the time of writing it is impossible to predict the outcome of the industrial turmoil in Victoria. However, irrespective of any immediate solution, it is essential that electors realise that no solution can be permanent while the present centralised industrial structure is maintained and extended. The centralised mass-production industrial system is breaking down in every country in the world. Every further step towards greater centralisation and monopoly must inevitably result in greater and greater industrial upheavals. Liberty, security, and stability can only result from decentralisation.*

*In its editorial of November 19, the Melbourne "Argus" touched upon the core of the problem, when, after stressing the necessity for the preservation of the Rule of Law by the Victorian Government, it said:*

*"The other point that Cabinet must face is this. On Wednesday a lot of people had to walk to work. The Government's job is to see that they don't go on having to do that. They are entitled to transport and essential services. They cannot count on it while the present issue is in dispute.*

*"Monopoly transport—vehicles owned by the State—can be too easily stopped by direct action. Therefore the Government has to provide permanent, competitive, alternative transport. It is not enough to license this alternative transport for emergencies only; the licence must be for a substantial period of years. ("Argus" emphasis.)*

*"This permanent, competitive, alternative transport must be provided in the interests of the whole community—trades unionists and non-trade unionists alike. That is in keeping with the whole spirit of our democratic way of life, as opposed to the Russian Communist way that our militants, loud in their challenge to the rule of law, want to impose on us by force."*

*If the Victorian Government genuinely desires to defeat the menace of Socialism, Communism, or any other form of collectivism, which subordinates the individual to policies, which he cannot control, it should immediately take appropriate action to break up all Monopolistic practices. As "The Argus" suggests, it can make an excellent start with an anti-Monopoly transport policy. Centralised control of transport is an essential part of the Big Idea advocated by all power-lusters. Last century Karl Marx emphasised the necessity of a Government transport Monopoly as an essential instrument for the creation of the Communist State.*

*It is true, of course, that State Governments may not be able to foster policies which would enable economic power to be decentralised to the maximum while the Federal Government and its economic planners dominate all financial policies. But they can make a start where it is possible and progressively challenge the centralisers at Canberra on the basic issue of financial policy. Unless the Victorian Government is prepared to face up to the fundamental issues confronting modern centralised industrial communities, we predict that the present industrial troubles are merely the prelude to even greater troubles, troubles which may necessitate a Government which attacks totalitarianism, to resort to totalitarian practices in order to try and deal with the situation.*

## Self-Development First

It is often said that "most people are all for self." This is not true. Most men sacrifice their own interests to a theory or a creed or a union or a political party. They are not as self-centred as they ought to be.

Many a man is one of a crowd, and he puts the interests of the crowd first, instead of concentrating on the welfare of himself and his family. That has always been true in all countries. **The keynote of human history has been self-sacrifice, not self-development.**

I believe that a man should put his own country above every other country, and his own firm above every other firm, and his own family above every other family.

He must be loyal to his own people. I have no respect for a man who dislikes his own breed and the firm that he works for. There is no loyalty in him.

In world affairs we have never put our own interests first. For instance, Oldham has the same population as Jerusalem, and it is much more important to us, so I think. If all the millions we have spent on Jerusalem had been spent on Oldham, what a grand boom we would have had in Lancashire!

Also, three years after the war, we're still helping to put the Germans on their feet. We're spending a huge amount of our taxpayers' money on them; and I think it ought to be spent at home, to help put our own people on their feet.

And, at our own expense, we are trying to find homes for the mass of displaced people in Germany and Austria, and we are neglecting at least a million of British people who want to go to the British countries overseas. I don't believe in that. —Herbert Casson, *Efficiency*. Aug. '48.

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## EVOLUTION

For a really authoritative treatment of EVOLUTION IN THE LIGHT OF RECENT SCIENTIFIC ADVANCES, hear Harvey M. Carey. M.B. B.S., M.Sc., in the Independent Hall Collins St., Melb. on Mon., 6th Dec., at 8 p.m. All welcome.

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## "GOING QUIET"

Mr. Harrison, speaking on the Broadcasting Bill at Canberra on November 23, warns commercial stations about "going quiet" on the totalitarian dangers in this bill. "They were," he said, "afraid of being nationalised."

**This, in the main, confirms our experience with commercial stations. They are almost completely spineless.**

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# Master War Criminals Again Escape

(A letter to the Editor from Bruce H. Brown)

Sir.

Now that the tribunal dealing with what are called "Japanese War Criminals" has completed its work it is reasonable to inquire whether that is to be the end of the matter. For many years "The New Times" has been seeking to focus attention on the individuals actually responsible for the sufferings imposed upon the people of the world, but by the successful circulation of appropriate propaganda, and by the issue of carefully prepared statements in a publicity field made exclusive by censorship, military controls, and international "news" organisations, the attention of the multitude is still diverted from the things that really matter.

Regular readers of this journal will recall that many of those who endeavored to be realistic through all the vicissitudes of the recent war period had great difficulties placed in their way. Frequently it was necessary to withhold appropriate comments on current happenings, because to have done otherwise might have brought one into conflict with ignorant men temporarily clothed with power far beyond their personal worthiness.

There can be no doubt that floggings, death parades, and torture of all kinds were suffered by gallant men and women of the Australian Forces engaged in the conduct of the recent war, and for these inhumanities there can be no excuses. It can also be accepted, I think, that the Japanese generals and political leaders did conspire to wage war against us, but it seems to me that the master criminals behind it all are not only getting away again scot free but have actually taken an important part in prosecuting the campaign against the enemy generals and politicians.

As pointed out in a letter to you dated 30th September 1945, we had the experience after the first world war of a carefully organised campaign to engender and foster hatred against the German people, and a British election was actually won on the "Hang the Kaiser" slogan. The Kaiser, of course, was not hung. While this was going on the master criminals completely escaped notice, and were thus permitted to go on with their nefarious work without the

general public even suspecting the truth of what they were up to. A similar thing is happening again.

War itself is a series of atrocities and when we have punished the persons who actually do things, or authorise them to be done, contrary to the accepted rules of warfare, we still have the more important duty of identifying and dealing with the men actually responsible for bringing wars about, i.e., the men responsible for the circumstances which led the Japanese generals and political leaders to conspire to wage the war against us. In this respect I have previously pointed out that Sir Victor Sassoon, actually described as "a British banker" but who in reality is one of a family of Baghdad Jews, is one of the few men responsible for world conditions which result periodically in open warfare. Although this man had accepted a knighthood from the British Sovereign, he has been working strenuously over a long period for the destruction of British Sovereignty. He has publicly stated that "Britain" must come into the democracy of the United States "with full right of statehood," and that this would mean the giving up of her traditions and institutions of government. It is my conviction that this man, among others, has been playing fast and loose for many years with the lives of millions of human beings, but so far as I can ascertain he has never been called publicly to account for his activities.

To show that my criticism is not without foundation I again call pointed at-

tention to two extracts from the Melbourne "Argus" of 2/2/40, as follows:

First Extract: "A message from San Francisco states that Sir Victor Sassoon, British banker and merchant, who has arrived there from Shanghai, said today that the United States held all the aces in her game of poker with Japan. He added that Japan was economically dependent upon the United States, and Japanese officials and business men had become panicky following the abrogation by the United States Government of its trade treaty with Japan as a protest against Japanese policy in China."

Second Extract: "Sir Victor Sassoon, chairman of the E. D. Sassoon Banking Company Ltd. of London, upon his arrival from a trip to the East, expressed the opinion that the termination of the Japanese-American Trade Treaty gave the United States a powerful weapon with which to curb Japanese expansion in China. He said Japan is bluffing in a poker game where she holds a 'full house' against the American 'royal flush.' Japanese business men realise the situation, but they are not yet in control. It is impossible to predict the outcome of the furore over the Asama-Maru incident, which is being used as a smoke-screen to distract Japanese attention from the abrogation of the United States Treaty. Sir Victor scouted the possibility of a Japanese-American war, which he termed 'Japanese suicide.'" - In view of the fact that this was published long before the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbour it is reasonable to ask who was in fact using the smoke-screen and why? It seems evident that someone somewhere was not playing fair in the poker game and that this resulted in the shooting. What did Sir Victor know about it and who arranged the abrogation of the Treaty?

Another important press item appeared in the Adelaide "Advertiser" of 22/1/41, as follows: —

(Continued on page 8)

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# Master War Criminals Again Escape

(Continued from page 7)

"The columnists, Alsop and Kintner, writing in the New York Herald-Tribune say that there is a strong possibility that the economic strength of the United States will be used to assist the democracies and to embarrass the dictators by the freezing of all foreign credits in a manner which will not drive Japan to invade the Dutch East Indies."

As there WAS war between Japan and America and as Japan DID invade the Dutch East Indies, it is clear that something went wrong in the freezing process, and that apparently the manipulation of credits does, in fact, lead to invasions and the series of atrocities called war. It also seems very clear that a certain other "weapon" of the nature referred to by Sir Victor Sassoon WAS used rather strongly before the military operations commenced. Who was responsible for that? And how is "the economic strength of the United States" being used NOW?

Yet another important quotation should be given from the Melbourne "Argus" of 30/3/42, as follows:—

**"New York, Sunday: Sir Victor Sassoon, banker and former member of the Legislative Assembly of India, on arrival here from the Orient, declared that after the war there would be no more rich men, because this is a revolution, and the power to make decisions on commerce and trade which heretofore has been in the hands of a few will be spread out . . ."**

This was an admission that the decisions WERE in the hands of "a few." Who are these few, where do they operate, and what is their ultimate purpose?

And how did Sir Victor Sassoon know that the war was "a revolution?"

Even if nothing more were said, I respectfully submit that the foregoing is sufficient to justify the calling of such men as Sir Victor Sassoon and his comrades of the international financial hierarchy before the War Crimes

Tribunal and for the prosecution of the investigations to be in the hands of men whose integrity is beyond question. The columnists Alsop and Kintner, as well as other international columnists such as Walter Lippmann, should also be required to say what they know. Unless this is done it is as certain as the sunshine that many of the young boys now playing round about us will die need in another war arranged by the same promoters.

Yours faithfully,  
(Sgd.) BRUCE H. BROWN.

## U.N. Not Worth a Cracker

Speaking on the Nationality Bill, which creates an Australian citizenship. Mr. Cameron said he applauded the South African decision to press for representation of former German South-West Africa in the Union Parliament whether U.N. liked it or not.

"I have complete contempt for U.N.," said Mr. Cameron. "It is not worth a cracker; it never was and never will be."

South Africa's realistic attitude was in striking contrast to the mealy-mouthed attitude adopted by the Australian Government in regard to New Guinea, he said.

### Loyalty

Australia was just another little country trying to run too far and too fast in world affairs. If more of our leading statesmen put in a little more time at home, minding Australia's business instead of trying to mind somebody else's business oversea, Australia would be able to get down to facing realities and changes which we could not prevent in the Empire set-up.

"I don't think we have arrived at the end of those changes," said Mr. Cameron.

"The most important loyalty is loyalty

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to ourselves and our race. Too many people think that loyalty to Moscow or U.N. or some other misty organisation is more important."

Mr. Cameron said he believed that for practical purposes the so-called Dominions of India and Pakistan were not part of the British Empire. The Nationality Bill indicated that some people under the Crown had an idea of continuing the disintegration of the Commonwealth.

—Melbourne Herald, Nov. 19.

## Helots of the State

A great deal of the tension over the Health Act comes from the natural and very well-grounded apprehension on the part of doctors that they and their skill and their professional code are all seen as merely so much raw material, which can be quickly worked up into a different pattern to suit the politicians and planners in Whitehall. The doctors are showing a very vivid realisation, which is in the best national tradition, of the vital distinction between the community and the State. When a young man decides to devote his life to healing he means to serve his fellow men: probably he is not even thinking particularly of their nationality; and it was an unfortunate but revealing expression when Mr. Butler concluded his speech with the hope that "the art and practice of healing might be practised not by helots of the State, but by free men serving the interests of the State," where he should surely have said "free men serving their fellows," or, at most, "the community." If their intention is to serve the State, they can hardly complain if the State seeks to prescribe the way in which it wishes to be, served.

.. *The Times* calls the National Health Service Act "fundamentally an all-Party measure," and calls on the British Medical Association to think again before treating it as the first step towards Socialist totalitarianism, on the ground that much of it comes out of the projected legislation of the wartime coalition Government. But no one will understand modern England who does not understand how the Conservative Party politicians are also profoundly infected with the false philosophy of their opponents. The Coalition Government in particular sketched out many schemes in White Papers whose larger implications were not properly understood. The avowedly Socialist members welcomed them as strides towards the Socialist State, and the Conservative Ministers concerned were ready to compromise, partly from a desire to maintain a Coalition, partly from not sounding these matters to the bottom. The wartime conditions, the inevitable assumption by the Government of very far-reaching and autocratic powers, was the wrong setting in which to consider the proper lines of peacetime social reforms.

—*The Tablet*, Eng., Feb. 14.

## Increased Incomes

A recent London Press item reports that record wages were now paid in England, where the weekly wage averaged £6/14/0, or an increase of 94% on Prewar rates; of course, no reference was made to the corresponding increase in costs and prices.

If the report is accurate it means that employers have their wages bill increased by 94%, or their costs are up by this amount, and of course prices are increased by at least this amount.

Then there is the profit on this additional cost, which has not been distributed.

Even if Union Misleaders cannot see the folly of this procedure, advocates of Private Enterprise should. Moreover, they should endeavour to understand, that there is a way of increasing wages and incomes without increasing costs and prices.

—O.B.H.

### Furniture News ...

Beautiful 4-piece and 5-piece Bedroom Suites, featuring large three-door lady's robe, fitted if desired; gent's robe, fitted with 3 drawers or shelves; a choice of several attractive dressing tables; vanity stool optional; and a double or two single beds, complete with fittings.

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## Londoners Pay To Be Tantalised

*Melbourne Herald Special Service.*

LONDON, Thursday. -- The most astonishing exhibition seen in London since the war has just closed. It was the Earl's Court Motor Show.

Officers of the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders—window-dressers for Britain's thriving motorcar industry—in totting up the takings, were astonished to find that 562,954 people had paid £107,000 in 10 days to see sleek new cars, caravans, and motor-cruisers that few could afford to buy and none could expect to have delivered in under three years.

True, there were prospective foreign buyers, but their number, checked by the Motor Show organisers, did not exceed 3,000. There were, too, British car salesmen, probably curious to see models, which will not reach their showrooms and garages for years.

But the bulk of the half-million visitors were the ordinary Great British Public, attracted, as always, by a glittering show, indulging, like a child in

the toy department of a big store, in the poor man's pastime of window-shopping.

COMMENT: Those whom the gods wish to destroy they first make mad.

## The Gold Standard

"It has to be acknowledged," said Mr. Chifley, "that the U.S. Government has a predominant influence on the international value of gold, both through its voting power in the International Monetary Fund and in its own right as the world's chief buyer of this metal. Under the International Monetary Fund Agreement par values of the currencies of some 45 countries are expressed in terms of gold as a common denominator or the U.S. dollar of the weight and fineness in effect on July 1, 1944. As a member of the Fund, Australia has therefore responsibility to see that its policy does not undermine or threaten to undermine the standard upon which the relative values of member-countries' currencies are based. For this reason there is an obligation to ensure that the price paid for gold in this country is maintained in harmony with world parity.

—*Canberra Letter*, Nov. 15.

## Power of Certification

Seldom has a profession found itself the trustees of a national tradition so suddenly and starkly as the doctors have. Behind all these debates and conferences the present Minister and his officials and everyone knows that what is really at issue is *the power of certification*, whether the doctor who decides whether a man is really sick or not will be primarily thinking of the man's health or of those who want him at work. That is why the Health Service is timed to begin simultaneously with the new Insurance Service. How great a disillusionment that Insurance Service is going to prove to those who were so enthusiastic about it five years ago can already be seen. It emerges in the indignant surprise of men who find themselves denied unemployment relief because there are perfectly good mines into which, though not miners, they can be sent. Ill health is the one great loophole, and a health service is considered an urgent and primary necessity to watch it.

—*The Tablet*, Eng., Feb. 14.

"New Times," Dec. 3, 1948 — Page 9



# ALL WASTES INTO HUMUS

When one thinks of the soil, one also thinks of the man who cultivates it - - the farmer - - said MR. JOHN MANIFOLD, when giving an address to members of Camperdown Rotary Club, last week, on "The Soil's Population in Relation to Food and Health."

An unknown versifier, said the speaker, had written about the farmer, "That nature was just an elaborate plan, to annoy him again and again."

Those few lines held a great deal of truth. The farmer was vitally concerned with seasonable and unseasonable weather.

It may be that, because he has to contend, on occasion, with droughts and floods, man holds, too much, the belief that he is carrying on a fight against nature.

"I wish to point out," continued Mr. Manifold, "that nature cannot be out-smarted or short-circuited against her design. The more we attempt to fight her on those lines, the more certain are we to take the 'count' in the end. And it is an arresting fact that, even experts agree, today, the world is headed for starvation.

## Teeming With Life

"Soil, in good condition, is no dead thing. It contains a teeming mass of unseen life, quite apart from such of its inhabitants that we can see.

"A small teaspoonful of fertile soil may contain as many as five billion bacteria, and that equals a weight of four tons per acre.

"But this dense soil population does not consist only of bacteria. There are fungi, protozoa, algae, actinomycetes, lichens enzymes, viruses. -These things are all microscopic, but they vary greatly in size. Protozoa are 1,000 times larger than bacteria, while, at the other end of this microscopic scale, viruses can only be seen by the aid of the comparatively new electron microscope.

"The soil's population has to battle for existence in much the same way as the world's population of humans. But these soil creatures understand that work is essential for existence; and they also understand, and practise, co-operation, because 'nature consists of a chain of inter-related and interlocked life cycles.' If any link in the chain of operations fails, the whole wonderful system is put out of gear.

## Work Of Bacteria

"And what is the whole system of life within the soil concerned with? Simply the breaking down or decomposition of

matter, mainly organic matter, but also mineral matter.

"Nothing would decay at all except for nature's micro-organisms. If decay completely stopped so, in a comparatively short time, would all life, including our own.

"Therefore the soil's life deserves not only our respect, but our most careful husbandry.

"As the result of its immensely intricate action and inter-action the soil is kept in good physical state; and the end product is that increasingly talked about but still not fully understood substance, humus (which is, in itself, plant food).

"You can turn up long definitions of what humus is, and what it is not; but its definition is most simply stated in these words: 'Humus is a product of the decomposition of animal (or human) and vegetable residues brought about through the agency of micro-organisms.' Soil cannot be fertile unless it contains an adequate supply of humus.

## A Fertile Soil

"What constitutes a fertile soil? What is quality food? What might be described, as a good chemical analysis of a soil is not, by itself, proof of existing fertility. Increased production from that or any soil is not, by itself, proof of increased fertility.

"With regard to food and fodder: Science can analyse such constituents that have been identified to date; but, having listed their presence and quantities analytically, we are still far short of knowing the real nutritional worth to the natural stomach.

"Artificial fertilisers are used world wide in the production of food. They are, I think, useful as a means to an end; but I suggest, most strongly, that genuine soil fertility is not to be attained by regarding the frequent application of artificials as an end in itself. But I cannot develop that opinion further, now.

## Artificials & Disease

"I have touched on the widespread use of 'artificials' because I wish to indicate the possibility that there is a connection between that practice and the incidence of disease, both animal and human.

"Almost invariably, the application of, say, super phosphate to pastures is accompanied by the 'new look,' pleasing to the eye. But, to my knowledge, some dairy farmers in this district will agree with the old tag, 'all is not gold that glitters.'

"Further to that: Recently I found myself as one of a deputation from the Graziers' Association of Victoria to the Director of Agriculture, charged with the duty of drawing his attention to the increasing incidence of disease in sheep on improved pastures.

"One more item under this head: The chief veterinary research officer of the C.S.I.R. in this State has said: 'Undoubtedly, if you use artificial fertilisers, you must expect a higher incidence of disease!' Why this statement has not been regarded as one of the highest importance, and promulgated as such, I cannot even pretend to know.

## Werribee Farm

"The most fertile soil that I know of is to be found at the M.M.B.W. Farm, Werribee, Victoria. That fertility has been built up on land that, some 40-odd years ago, was only carrying three-quarters of a sheep per acre. And, as you will know, that fertility has been attained by applying to the land the sewage wastes of Melbourne. If Melbourne had been more conveniently placed to the open sea, these valuable wastes would be being voided into the ocean.

"Apart from other facts connected with the farm, I wish to draw attention to three. First, the very low stock mortality rate (the average for a seven-year period comes out at 1.29 per cent for cattle, and 1.16 for sheep); second, the above average health of the 88 families that live on the farm; and, third, the astonishingly sweet smell of the soil there.

"Quality fodder and quality food surely account for the first two; and what other theory is more tenable than that the quality of both has been produced by the same agency that is responsible for the humus rich, sweet smelling earth, i.e., the soil's micro-organisms?

## Growth Not Enough

"I suggest to you that plant food, in all its delicately balanced intricacy, can only be manufactured and presented, for quality growth, by the soil's life.

"That, by the stimulation of mere growth by the application of phosphates and the like we have steadily lowered the nutritional worth of our fodder plants and cereals.

"That, in proportion to the decline of the nutritional worth of the food intake of man and beast, so also has their resistance to disease declined.

"That, should there be truth in this proposition, the increasing incidence of disease in man and beast is largely accounted for.

"We have been told that 'man cannot live by bread alone'; that (in its purely literal meaning) has surely never been so true as it is today. (If there is a baker 'in the house' do not let him think that I am criticising his baking. What I am criticising is the de-natured and de-vitalised stuff we continue to allow to be handed out to him to bake with.)

### Importance Of Balance

"Similarly, with only one exception (within my limited knowledge), the soil micro-organisms cannot live at all on artificial fertilisers. Their great need is organic matter of the most varied sort. (Rhizobia are the exception, those bacteria that, in conjunction with legumes, fix free nitrogen from the air

"But even that exception should make us stop, look, and consider what effect the unnatural favouring of one type of bacterium, and the stimulated rate of nitrogen fixation may have on the existing welfare and balance of soil life.

"The soil's life, if it is to exist and maintain virility and balance, must be fed. It is in nature's scheme of things that the residues of all growth from the soil, whether edible or otherwise, should return to it.

"It is just over 100 years since Baron Liebig's theories captured agricultural science. Those theories have helped man to 'mine' the productive lands of the world, to such an extent that it is probable that there is little more than one acre per head of world population left.

### Call For Action

"It is only, comparatively, recently that some have begun to remember again the reasonable, but definite, requirements of nature.

"Except for those of its citizens who compost the whole of their wastes and return them to the soil by way of their gardens, Camperdown, in common with almost all other Australian towns and cities, continues to drain the countryside and the nation of its remaining fertility capital.

"Let us see to it then," said Mr. Manifold, in conclusion, "that, long before final plans are made for the disposal of Camperdown's waterborne sewage and wastes, our civic authority and the sewerage authority explore fully what is being done by Auckland City Council; what has been done at the town of Dannevirke, N.Z.; what has been done by over 100 towns and cities in South Africa; and what has been done in other countries.

"Let the slogan be: **"All wastes into humus."**—*The Camperdown Chronicle*, Nov. 15.

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## Organic Farming and Racehorse Breeding

"Muck is the Mother of Money," writes John Lodor in *The Field*, with a good word for Mr. Friend Sykes, whose two-year-old, Matronic, has been sold for 1,000 guineas.

"A point of additional interest about Matronic is that he was bred by Mr. Friend Sykes on his farm at Chute, near Andover. The other two-year-olds of this season that were bred at Chute are Amigo and Alirosa, both winners. Alirosa has won twice. She is by Alishah, and so is Matronic. Amigo is a filly by Bobsleigh.

"Mr. Sykes only maintains four thoroughbred mares on his farm, and these are primarily for the purpose of testing (by the performance on the racecourse of his mares' offspring) the quality of his land and the efficiency of his farming methods. Mr. Sykes is dead set against the use of any artificial fertiliser on the farm, believing it to impair the nutritive content of the food grown off such land. All told, horses bred at his stud have this season won fifteen races, the best of the older representatives being Miss Paget's four-year-old miler, Chanter.

**"How highly the most experienced men in racing regard the stock Mr. Sykes is breeding at Chute is apparent from the figures his three yearlings realised at Tattersalls sale last month. A full sister to Chanter made 2,100 guineas to the bid of Mr. C. A. Rogers, acting for Miss Paget. A half-brother to Alirosa reached 1,900 guineas, going eventually to Mr. Joe Lawson's bid. Lord Derby's trainer, Mr. Walter Earl, made the final bid at 1,600 guineas to secure the half-sister to Amigo.**

"These are quite amazing prices for yearlings being sent up by a breeder to

whom they are in a sense hardly more than by-products off the farm. It is more amazing still when you consider that Mr. Sykes' yearlings are not by any of the fashionable stallions. Wyndham Bobsleigh and Rajah II were the sires of the three that brought a total of 5,600 guineas.

"For Sykes the sale of his yearlings this year is proof indeed of the old adage on the land that **'Muck is the Mother of Money.'** If these Chute farm mares were being mated with stallions like Nearco or Big Game, the potentialities of the offspring would be immense. Nearco is a syndicated sire; but the Director of the National Stud might assist the Chute farms in testing further Friend Sykes' methods of agriculture by facilitating a nomination to Big Game."

—*Victorian Compost News*, September, '48.

## 'Health' Schemes

ADELAIDE, Sunday. —Sweden was "not at all happy" about its free medical services scheme, Sir John Newman Morris said in Adelaide yesterday.

He was returning to Melbourne aboard the Orontes after representing Australia at the International Red Cross Conference in Switzerland.

Government free medical service schemes in Sweden and Britain were so overtaxing doctors with trivial demands and form filling that they had insufficient time left to cope with treatment of serious illnesses, Sir John Newman Morris added.

The Swedish scheme, which had been in operation some years, had involved deterioration in the standards of service.

People in Sweden now found it difficult to obtain doctors' visits at home.

In Britain, where free national medical services began recently, many people, although paying 4/11 a week for various free health services, found it more satisfactory to pay to consult doctors privately and avoid delay.

—*The Sun*, Melbourne, Oct. 25.

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### Socialism In Fact

Britain today was a rich man's country, said Lady Medley yesterday. Britain's lower and middle classes and the aged, she said, were suffering most. She said that women had lost their initiative. They were listless in their attitude to food preparation. Dull rations had blunted their interest in cookery. —*The Herald*, Melbourne, Nov. 18.

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## International Trade

The following is an extract from a speech made by Lord Bruce of Melbourne, in the House of Lords on March 3rd, 1948. He is referring to a recent pamphlet issued by the London Chamber of Commerce.

"It states among other things, that the old system of international free trade in money is unworkable under the totally changed conditions of the 20th century. Nations, it is pointed out, must balance their accounts in goods and services. There cannot be a balance in money unless there is a balance in trade. Further, the pamphlet advocates a system of multilateral contra accounts between nations. Under such a system a nation would acquire credits when it exported. It could clear those credits only when it imported. It need not necessarily import from the country to which it sold, but if it wished to take payment it could do so only by importing from the world to the value of its exports to the world, visible and invisible. The credits so created would have an agreed life."

While it is good that a prominent man like Lord Bruce should at last be showing some intelligence in these matters, we cannot but regret the fact that he and others like him did not show the same intelligence twenty years ago. What a world of tragedy it would have saved. Further, the information was available,

because this statement quoted above is pure unadulterated Social Credit in the technical sense. We believed then, and have a well-founded belief now, that our view-point was and is well understood by the powerful international groups, mainly Jewish in inspiration, who have seen to it, as far as it lies within their power, that nothing practical has or will be done about it.

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