

THE NEW TIMES

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"Ye shall know the truth and the truth shall make you free"

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EDITORIAL

THE COMMUNIST CADRE

What is the Communist cadre? What is a cadre Communist? The word "cadre" is borrowed from the French and means a framework. It derives from the Latin "quadrum", a square. The etymology of the word is straightforward enough; a square, then a frame, then framework, and framework is designed to carry or support something on it or around it. The idea of a nucleus to be expanded upon develops, so that now it can be seen that the Communist cadre is the hard core, the kernel of the Communist movement in a country.

Even so, it is amorphous; it has no formal organisation, nor indeed a formal existence, but at the same time the Communist cadre is that core within the formal Communist Party, which represents Lenin's "organisation of professional revolutionaries". The huge tragedy is that the West's present defensive position in the so-called cold war is attributable to a lack of basic understanding, even misunderstanding, of the nature of the forces arrayed against it to bring about its destruction. Under these circumstances the initiative and the advantage must lie with International Communism, which they do; and this position will obtain until such time as the Western leaders show a much greater understanding of the Communist conspiracy than they have to date, if ever is to be the case.

The Communist Party is a fusion of three elements—Doctrine, Organisation, and People. We are here concerned only with organisation, and one vital facet of the organisation of the Communist Party is the cadre. It is hoped that an outline of Communist "doctrine" and "people", that is what a Communist means by "people" (his is a different meaning to ours), will be given later. The actual possession by a Communist of a Party card or his participation in the functions of an organisational unit of the Party is immaterial from any realistic point of view. The important principle is his acceptance of Communist discipline and directives. Among the intricate groupings that go to make up the Communist movement there exists a distinct elite, the members of which are recognisable by no title, who may or may not be in positions of organisational leadership, who in some cases may not, as a matter of fact, be formal card-carrying members of the Party at all. It is they who form what Communists call the cadre. We have to understand the situation now that hundreds of thousands within the ranks of Communist Parties are in no real sense Communists, and that many who are technically non-members are in the fullest sense Communists. It is the cadre, which has assumed the role assigned by Marxism-Leninism to the "Party". It is the cadre, which is "THE ONLY ORGANISATION CAPABLE OF CENTRALISING THE LEADERSHIP OF THE STRUGGLE OF THE PROLETARIAT, THUS TRANSFORMING EACH

AND EVERY NON-PARTY ORGANISATION OF THE WORKING CLASS INTO AN AUXILIARY BODY AND TRANSMISSION BELT LINKING THE PARTY WITH THE CLASS. (Joseph Stalin in *Foundations of Leninism*. These words by Stalin refer to the Party, not the cadre, but the official Parties themselves have become hardly more than "transmission belts", schools, and proving grounds for the training of real Communists. The cadre is the soul of the Party.

Nor is the cadre the formal leadership of the Communist movement, although most of its leaders are members of the cadre. However, it can happen that one of the rank and file turns out to have associations and to perform functions of the utmost importance. Every man and woman in the Communist movement is continually studied and analysed by their superiors in order that the last drop of effectiveness may be wrung from them. It is not true that all espionage and underground personnel are of the cadre: the cadre directs and gives firmness to such work, as indeed to all Communist work, but a dramatic spy, or an agent in a high government post may be little more than an office boy to obscure and unknown men with no FORMAL position in or out of the Communist Party.

The question will be asked: If the cadre has no official existence how can it be identified? Members of the cadre become members of the cadre when they are recognised as such by their equals and superiors in the cadre, and these latter, in turn, depend upon the recognition of THEIR superiors for status and position, and so on up the slopes of the pyramid of power until the wielders of influence and power within the Political Bureau of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union are reached, and it is they who have the final say. The COMMUNIST in the full sense is the accepted member of the cadre, but he is a Communist in contrast to other members of the Party, who are at the most candidate-Communists. He is the "cadre Communist", cast in a very special mould, and whom we shall examine later.

NEWS COMMENTARY

SOUTH AFRICA'S RACIAL POLICY

The South African approach to the colour problem is given in this item from the March issue of *South African Digest*.

"It should be remembered that the approach of the people of South Africa to the colour problem is not the result of the freaks of so-called world opinion or opportunistic considerations of self-interest, but is the fruit of our Christian national way of life with its overriding approach of live and let live" the Minister of Bantu Administration and Development, Mr. M. D. C. de Wet Nel, said in the House of Assembly last week. He was moving the second reading of the Transkei Constitution Bill. "It is for these reasons that the colour policy in general of our people has always been of such a moral nature that we have never had any reason for shame—something which very few other nations in the world can claim. "Our people have never made slaves of our indigenous populations, although they have had the fullest opportunity of doing so. "Our people, and particularly the Voortrekkers, saved the indigenous tribes from large-scale mutual extermination and also created for the Bantu order out of chaos. "We have protected the wealth of the Bantu homelands against White exploitation and have preserved it for the Bantu. To the best of our ability we have assisted them to develop spiritually and materially. The best of Western civilization was placed at their disposal. We respect the language and culture of every national unit and recognise human dignity within the national circle. We believe, however, that these languages and cultures must always be fertilised by the best from Western civilisation. We refuse for purposes of self-interest to herd them all together to form a Congolese chaos, and we do not allow a splintering of the unit of their national communities to be engineered for our own convenience".

The Bill was based on the simple and basic recipe for human happiness and human relations—that every human being was happiest in his own family circle, that the family was happiest in its own community, and that every community was happiest in its own national circle. "This principle is valid for all people irrespective of race or colour throughout the world. In fact, it is the only basis on which good race relations, national relations and human relations can be arranged. It is all the more valid for the Bantu because every anthropologist of note can testify that this is one of the basic characteristics in the social structure of the Bantu." Mr. Nel said the Bill was the creation of the Bantu in the Transkei.

"We assisted them where necessary, but it is they who gave shape and form to it. It is to their great credit because throughout they showed a spirit of responsibility and dignity. What a difference with the constitution-making in other parts of Africa." It was very different from what had happened in other parts of Africa. Here,

the matter had been concluded in a spirit of friendship and co-operation in a minimum of time and to the great satisfaction of the people of the Transkei. In other parts it had taken months of strife and bitterness and the result had been only to create new problems and, in most cases, a course has been set to dictatorship.

Press Fosters Revolution: *The Observer* (London) is a journal read by people who generally would regard themselves as strongly anti-Communist. Many supporters of this national newspaper would also regard themselves as well informed. But a featured article in *The Observer* of May 12 provides yet one more example of the world's "capitalist" press furthering world revolution. In the last of a series of articles on South Africa, a Mr. Colin Legum writes, "The roots of violence have already gone too deep in South Africa to allow a peaceful settlement of her race problems. Now only two hopes remain: that the violent phase will be short-lived, and that it can be prevented from turning into a race war."

Having fostered the view that violence is inevitable, Legum then comments: "The chances of keeping the period of conflict short depend on the nature and the extent of external intervention. Nobody should doubt that sooner or later the struggle would become internationalised." We understand that Legum's background and connections suggest that he is writing with advanced knowledge of what is proposed in Africa. The revolutionaries must be hugging themselves with delight as they see a big "capitalist" newspaper, fostering acceptance of revolution in Africa as "inevitable". The peoples of the Western world are all being numbed by the poison constantly flowing through their daily papers. Because of this constant poisoning, antidotes of the truth, which this journal exists to report, are more urgently required than ever before.

DUBLIN COURT CASE ON FLUORIDATION

Although the Irish press has given an excellent coverage of the important Dublin Court case on fluoridation, it is significant that few reports about the case have appeared in the newspapers of other countries. Even in Britain, where there is mounting controversy about fluoridation, little reference has been made to the Dublin case, in which Mrs. Gladys Ryan is claiming that the Irish Government's Fluoridation Act is a violation of rights which the Constitution states belong to the family. The Government is defending the case, while Mrs. Ryan is represented by one of the most able constitutional lawyers in Ireland.

The case has been proceeding since the middle of March, and Mrs. Ryan's legal representatives have called a number of eminent experts to give exhaustive testimony to show that there is considerable scientific opposition to fluoridation of public water supplies. Amongst those who have given evidence, most of it reported in the Irish press, are Professor Anton Gordonoff, Professor of Toxicology and Pharmacology at Berne University, Professor A.

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Part 2

THE TWO PHILOSOPHERS

By "Bushmaster"

My trapper mate, an ex-clergyman, claims that worry (not to be confused with constructive thought), mental illness, wars and delinquency, are traceable to the false philosophy imposed upon mankind by the power seekers. The "Big idea", he says, is to make conditions so intolerable that their offer of the World Slave State as the only way of "salvation" will be accepted readily by the people. The well-proven method of applying the financial weapon is to keep the flow of the consumer's buying power well below the flow of goods from industry. Thereby the greater part of man's mental and physical energy is concentrated on getting his monetary requirements from an inadequate supply; fuller development of personality is frustrated.

Prominent at the moment is cultivation of the craze for exporting real wealth—not to get a different kind of wealth in exchange (the true purpose of export) but to provide "employment" so that wage getters increase the market for the reduced quantity of goods left in the country, and so disguise the robbery of the workers' earnings. Governments readily co-operate, even to the offer of bribes to exporters.

The philosophy of a newspaper is as clearly discernible from what it suppresses as from what it prints. From several years' reading of "leading" American journals I am convinced that the U.S.A. people are too tightly bound by the dominating group ever to become free, unless Australia shows the way. A new political party espousing a policy of freedom has been suggested. But, if there were enough informed electors to vote a party into Government, they would be powerful enough to demand abolition of the policy of domination pursued by Liberal or Labour whichever was in office. The "cost" of the party applied to dissemination of information would be more effective in the long run.

Perhaps the most easily grasped definition of Policy is "The course decided upon for putting a philosophy into practice." "Administration" is management of "policy". It is better to think wrongly than not at all, because while there is thought there is a chance of righting it. The individual who refuses to think is a moron who would be just as spiritually dead whether enslaved to Communism, Financial Oligarchy, or their Coalition. With a view to starting thinkers on a policy of freedom, poet Eimar O'Duffy suggested the following as a basis:

The purpose of man is to grow in knowledge and wisdom. Or, as a truly religious person would put it, to serve God.

Having gained some wisdom it is seen that industry has no other purpose than to produce goods for the sustenance and enjoyment of man.

The purpose of machinery and automation is to produce those goods in abundance and to reduce labour.

The purpose of money is to enable those goods to be distributed, and therefore, should flow to consumers as fast as the goods are desired from industry, even if all labour were eliminated. If these conclusions seem platitudinous, remember that the economic philosophy we are now serving is based on their implicit denial. The same policy of domination gave rise to Communism, and will continue to do so until supplanted by the Policy of Freedom.

ERIC BUTLER IN BRITAIN

Mr. Eric Butler reports that during his first week in Britain he has been actively engaged in important personal contact work concerned with the advancement of the main objectives of his tour. He is most optimistic about the reactions to his main proposals. He expresses the opinion that Air Vice Marshal Donald Bennett, who has written a series of articles on the necessity for drastic political reforms, has correctly summarised the situation when he states that never before have so many British people felt politically frustrated.

Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, former Chancellor of the Exchequer, who lost his post in the Macmillan purge last year, has told Mr. Butler in a tape-recorded interview, that he was very encouraged by the wide response to his call for a new approach to the Commonwealth. Mr. Lloyd's lead is one of significance.

Following the immediate anti-climax when General de Gaulle brought the Common Market negotiations to an end there is now a ferment of thought amongst the anti-Common Market and patriotic groups concerning what type of positive electoral action can be taken to have a decisive effect on the next British elections. It is widely understood that merely to return the Conservative Party would be to enable the Common Marketeers to seize the first opportunity to press for entry into the Common Market. It is clear that in the meantime the pro-Common Marketeers hope that if nothing is done to foster policies for strengthening the Commonwealth, it will disintegrate to the point of no-return.

Although many are pushing for the creation of a new party, support is coalescing in favour of a non-party electoral campaign designed to make it clear to candidates that the electors will veto all candidates who refuse to give a written pledge that they will oppose all policies which threaten to weaken British sovereignty and the Commonwealth. It is hoped to have further reports on this matter shortly.

Mr. Butler has opened his lecture programme with an address to the senior pupils at a London school and anticipates speaking to a wide cross-section of the British people before leaving Britain. Several organisations are sponsoring his lectures.

The South Australian Branch of the League wishes to notify S.A. members that its rooms at the Poultry Association Hall, 15 Hanson Street, Adelaide, telephone 8-7549, will be open for the sale of literature each day. Hours are limited to 10.30 a.m. to 3.30 p.m.

NEWS COMMENTARY

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Benagiano, Director and Dean of the Dental School of Medicine and Surgery at the Rome University, Dr. Sinclair, eminent British nutritional expert, Dr. D. Steyn, Professor of Pharmacology at the University of Pretoria, and Dr. Waldbott, the American authority on allergies. Other scientists have also given their reasons why they do not support fluoridation.

Professor Gordonoff warned that experience had shown that fluorides could cause goitre. Many other dangers were listed. Publication of the evidence given would, of course, demonstrate that so far from the scientists being in complete agreement about the effectiveness and safety of fluoridation, many of those best qualified to speak do not support this view at all.

Because of the importance of the Dublin case, arrangements have been made for an adequate report to be prepared on the spot by Mr. Eric Butler, who will also be doing several tape recorded interviews with prominent figures taking part in the case. We hope to publish the report in the near future.

KEEP THIS DATE FREE!!! FRIDAY, 19th JULY 1963

A get together of supporters will be held at Room 515, 5th floor, Victorian Employers' Federation Building on the above date at 8 p.m. The main purpose of the evening will be to play some of the excellent tapes, which have been sent back to us by Mr. Butler. There are interviews with leading fluoridation experts, Professor Steyn, of Pretoria University, S.A. Dr. Exner, of U.S.A., Dr. G. Dobbs, of Wales. G.B. Also an interesting interview of the plaintiff against the Government in Ireland over the fluoridation issue Mrs. Gladys Ryan. There is also extremely interesting tapes of interviews with Mr. Selwyn Lloyd and Air Vice-Marshal Donald Bennett on the future of the Commonwealth. Tea and biscuits will be served and a collection will be made to defray the costs for the evening. Come yourself and bring a friend.

Also announcement about S.A. Branch of League. Rooms open for book sales.

ACTION WANTED!!!

The almost vitriolic reaction of the Press against the Government's choice of the word "Royal" for the basic unit of decimal coinage has demonstrated in a most clear manner the nature of these conveyors of "free" and "impartial" views. Every British subject worth his salt will let one or other members of Cabinet know that they not only approve this choice, but also call on them to withstand the campaign, which has been unleashed to change the name. There is little need to commend upon Mr. Calwell's threat to change the name when Labour gets into power, his attitude only highlights what is generally well-known, that he is personally antagonistic to maintaining strong links with the Mother Country.

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